1		CANNABINOID MEDICINE ACT
2		2017 GENERAL SESSION
3		STATE OF UTAH
4	LONG	
5	LONG T	
6		Description:
7		his bill enacts and amends provisions related to cannabinoid medicine.
8		ted Provisions:
9	Τ.	his bill:
10	•	authorizes the cultivation, production, possession, use, and sale of cannabis and
11		cannabinoid medicine under certain circumstances;
12	•	provides for the creation of an electronic monitoring system for cannabinoid
13		medicine;
14	•	creates the Cannabinoid Medicine Board within the Department of Agriculture and
15		Food;
16	•	directs the Department of Agriculture and Food to issue cannabis producer licenses
17		and enforce cannabis producer operating requirements;
18	•	grants the Cannabinoid Medicine Board and the Department of Agriculture and
19		Food rulemaking authority.
20	•	directs the Department of Financial Institutions to issue cannabis payment processor
21		licenses and enforce cannabis payment processor operating requirements;
22	•	directs the Division of Occupational and Professional Licensing within the
23		Department of Commerce to issue cannabinoid medicine dispensary licenses and
24		enforce cannabinoid medicine dispensary operating requirements;
25	•	directs the Department of Health to issue cannabinoid medicine cards to individuals
26		with qualifying illnesses under certain circumstances;
27	•	creates an exemption from sales and use tax for sales of cannabinoid medicine;
28	•	imposes a special tax on the sale of cannabinoid medicine;
29	•	creates the Cannabinoid Medicine Restricted Account;
30	•	amends provisions related to driving with a measurable metabolite of cannabinoid
31		medicine;
32	•	prohibits a court from discriminating against a parent in a child custody case based

33	on the parent's legal use of cannabinoid medicine; and
34	 prohibits a peace officer or child welfare worker from removing a child from ar
35	individual's home on the basis of the individual's lawful use of cannabinoid
36	medicine.
37	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
38	None
39	Other Special Clauses:
40	None
41	Utah Code Sections Affected:
12	AMENDS:
13	41-6a-517, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 333
14	62A-4a-202.1 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2012, Chapters 221 and 293
15	78A-6-508, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2014, Chapter 409
16	ENACTS:
17	4-42-102 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
18	4-42-103 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
19	4-42-104 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
50	4-42-105 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
51	4-42-106 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
52	4-42-201 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
53	4-42-202 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
54	4-42-203 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
55	4-42-204 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
56	4-42-301 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
57	4-42-302 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
58	4-42-401 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
59	4-42-402 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
50	4-42-403 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
51	4-42-501 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
52	4-42-601 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
53	4-42-602 , Utah Code Annotated 1953

64	4-42-603 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
65	4-42-701 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
66	4-42-702 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
67	4-42-801 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
68	4-42-802 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
69	4-42-803 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
70	7-26-101 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
71	7-26-102 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
72	7-26-201 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
73	7-26-202 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
74	7-26-203 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
75	7-26-204 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
76	7-26-301 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
77	7-26-401 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
78	7-26-402 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
79	26-59-101 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
80	26-59-102 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
81	26-59-103 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
82	26-59-104 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
83	26-59-201 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
84	26-59-202 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
85	26-59-203 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
86	26-59-204 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
87	26-59-205 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
88	26-59-206 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
89	58-37-3.6 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
90	58-87-101 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
91	58-87-102 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
92	58-87-103 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
93	58-87-201 , Utah Code Annotated 1953

94	58-87-202 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
95	58-87-203 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
96	58-87-204 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
97	58-87-301 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
98	58-87-302 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
99	58-87-401 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
100	58-87-402 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
101	58-87-403 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
102	58-87-404 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
103	58-87-501 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
104	58-87-502 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
105	59-12-104.7 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
106	59-28-101 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
107	59-28-102 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
108	59-28-103 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
109	59-28-104 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
110	59-28-105 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
111	59-28-106 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
112	59-28-107 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
113	59-28-108 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
114	
115	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
116	Section 1. Section 4-42-102 is enacted to read:
117	<u>4-42-102.</u> Definitions.
118	As used in this chapter:
119	(1) "Agent" means an employee or independent contractor of an entity.
120	(2) "Board" means the Cannabinoid Medicine Board created in Section 4-42-103.
121	(3) "Cannabis" means any part of a cannabis plant, whether growing or not.
122	(4) "Cannabinoid medicine" means a substance that:
123	(a) contains cannabis; and
124	(b) is intended for human medical use.

125	(5) "Cannabinoid medicine card" means the same as that term is defined in Section
126	<u>26-59-102.</u>
127	(6) "Cannabinoid medicine dispensary" means a person that:
128	(a) sells cannabinoid medicine at retail; or
129	(b) purchases or possesses cannabinoid medicine with the intent to sell cannabinoid
130	medicine.
131	(7) "Cannabinoid Medicine Restricted Account" means the account created in Section
132	<u>4-42-105.</u>
133	(8) "Cannabis cultivator" means a person that:
134	(a) grows cannabis; or
135	(b) possesses cannabis with the intent to grow cannabis.
136	(9) "Cannabis laboratory" means a person that:
137	(a) conducts a chemical or other analysis of cannabinoid medicine; or
138	(b) possesses cannabinoid medicine with the intent to conduct a chemical or other
139	analysis of the cannabinoid medicine.
140	(10) "Cannabis payment processor" means the same as that term is defined in Section
141	<u>7-26-102.</u>
142	(11) "Cannabis processor" means a person that:
143	(a) manufactures cannabinoid medicine from cannabis;
144	(b) purchases or possesses cannabis with the intent to manufacture cannabinoid
145	medicine; or
146	(c) sells or intends to sell cannabinoid medicine to a cannabis dispensary.
147	(12) "Electronic monitoring system" means the system described in Section 4-42-104.
148	(13) "Medical dosage form" means the same as that term is defined in Section
149	<u>26-59-102.</u>
150	(14) "Physician" means the same as that term is defined in Section 26-59-102.
151	(15) "Qualifying illness" means a condition described in Subsection 58-38a-203.1(1).
152	(16) "Registered patient" means an individual with a valid cannabinoid medicine card
153	issued by the department under Section 26-59-201.
154	Section 2. Section 4-42-103 is enacted to read:
155	4-42-103 Cannahinoid Medicine Roard Creation Powers Duties

156	(1) There is created the Cannabinoid Medicine Board within the department.
157	(2) The Cannabinoid Medicine Board is composed of the following members:
158	(a) one member appointed by the director of the Department of Agriculture and Food;
159	(b) one member appointed by the director of the Division of Occupational and
160	Professional Licensing within the Department of Commerce;
161	(c) one member appointed by the director of the Department of Health;
162	(d) one member appointed by the director of the Department of Financial Institutions;
163	(e) one member appointed by the Governor;
164	(f) two members who are physicians licensed under:
165	(i) Title 58, Chapter 67, Utah Medical Practice Act; or
166	(ii) Title 58, Chapter 68, Utah Osteopathic Medical Practice Act;
167	(g) two state or local public safety officials; and
168	(h) one member of the public who is a registered patient appointed by the Speaker of
169	the House; and
170	(i) one member of the public who is a registered patient appointed by the President of
171	the Senate.
172	(3) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (3)(b), each member of the board shall serve a
173	term of four years.
174	(b) The first time members are appointed under Subsections (2)(f) through (2)(i), the
175	members shall serve a term of two years.
176	(c) An entity that appoints a member to the board shall fill a vacancy in the board that
177	occurs other than by expiration of a member's term in the same manner as the entity made the
178	original appointment.
179	(4) A member may not receive compensation or benefits for the member's service, but
180	may receive per diem and travel expenses in accordance with:
181	(a) Section 63A-3-106;
182	(b) Section 63A-3-107; and
183	(c) rules made by the Division of Finance pursuant to Sections 63A-3-106 and
184	<u>63A-3-107.</u>
185	(5) The director of the Department of Agriculture and Food, or the director's designee,
186	shall serve as chair of the board.

187	(6) The board shall meet:
188	(a) once every three months; and
189	(b) as often as necessary to carry out the board's duties under state law.
190	(7) A majority of board members constitutes a quorum.
191	(8) An official action by the committee requires a majority vote of a quorum.
192	(9) The board shall:
193	(a) investigate issues related to cannabinoid medicine in the state; and
194	(b) with concurrence by the director, where directed by law, make rules in accordance
195	with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act.
196	Section 3. Section 4-42-104 is enacted to read:
197	4-42-104. Electronic monitoring system for cannabinoid medicine.
198	(1) (a) The board, with concurrence by the department, shall develop the required
199	functions of and minimum operating standards for an electronic monitoring system that
200	monitors cannabinoid medicine in the state;
201	(b) The board, with the consent of the department, shall work with a third party
202	provider to develop and maintain the electronic monitoring system
203	(c) The board, with concurrence by the department, shall select the third party provider
204	described in Subsection (1)(a) in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 6a, Utah Procurement
205	Code.
206	(2) The electronic monitoring system described in Subsection (1) shall maintain a
207	record of:
208	(a) each registered patient;
209	(b) each physician who recommends cannabinoid medicine to a registered patient; and
210	(c) each transaction involving cannabinoid medicine.
211	(3) The electronic monitoring system shall interface with a registered patient's
212	cannabinoid medicine card to track, in real time, for the registered patient's purchase of
213	cannabinoid medicine:
214	(a) the time and date of the purchase;
215	(b) the quantity and type of cannabinoid medicine purchased; and
216	(c) the cannabinoid medicine dispensary where the registered patient purchased the
217	cannahinoid medicine

218	(4) The electronic monitoring system shall track cannabis and cannabinoid medicine in
219	real time, from the time that a cannabis plant is first planted as a seed or clone until the
220	cannabinoid medicine derived from the cannabis is sold by a cannabinoid medicine dispensary.
221	(5) The electronic monitoring system shall store, in real time, a record of the amount of
222	cannabis or cannabinoid medicine in a cannabis processor's or cannabinoid medicine
223	dispensary's possession.
224	(6) The electronic monitoring system shall provide access to:
225	(d) a state entity to the extent necessary for the entity to carry out the functions and
226	responsibilities given to the entity under this chapter; and
227	(e) state or local law enforcement.
228	(7) The electronic monitoring system shall interface with a cannabis payment processor
229	to facilitate payment for cannabinoid medicine services.
230	(8) The board may, with the concurrence of the department, make rules in accordance
231	with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act to facilitate the operation,
232	maintenance, and security of the electronic monitoring system.
233	Section 4. Section 4-42-105 is enacted to read:
234	4-42-105. Cannabinoid Medicine Restricted Account Creation.
235	(1) There is created in the General Fund a restricted account known as the
236	"Cannabinoid Medicine Restricted Account."
237	(2) The account created in this section is funded from:
238	(a) money deposited by the State Tax Commission under Title 59, Chapter 28,
239	cannabinoid medicine Tax;
240	(b) money deposited into the account by the Department of Agriculture and Food under
241	Title 4, Chapter 42, Cannabis Producer License;
242	(c) money deposited into the account by the Department of Financial institutions under
243	Title 7, Chapter 26, Cannabis Payment Processor;
244	(d) money deposited into the account by the department under Title 26, Chapter 59,
245	Cannabinoid Medicine Act;
246	(e) money deposited into the account by the Division of Occupational and Professional
247	Licensing under Title 58, Chapter 87, cannabinoid medicine dispensary License;
248	(f) appropriations made to the account by the Legislature; and

249	(g) the interest described in Subsection (3).
250	(3) Interest earned on the account is deposited into the account.
251	(4) The money in the account may only be used to fund, upon appropriation:
252	(a) the cost of state regulation of cannabinoid medicine under:
253	(i) Title 4, Chapter 42, Cannabis Producers;
254	(ii) Title 7, Chapter 26, Cannabis Payment Processors;
255	(iii) Title 26, Chapter 59, Cannabinoid Medicine Act;
256	(iv) Title 58, Chapter 87, Cannabinoid Medicine Dispensaries; and
257	(v) Title 59, Chapter 28, Cannabinoid Medicine Tax Act;
258	(b) the cost to the attorney general for investigation and enforcement related to
259	cannabinoid medicine; and
260	(c) cannabis abuse prevention and cannabis education programs developed by the state.
261	(5) At the end of fiscal year 2019 and fiscal year 2020 the director of the Division of
262	Finance shall transfer into the General Fund from the cannabinoid medicine Restricted Accoun-
263	an amount equal to the General Fund appropriation in fiscal year 2017 and fiscal year 2018 to
264	implement the programs described in Subsection (4).
265	Section 5. Section 4-42-106 is enacted to read:
266	4-42-106. Requirement made by a political subdivision.
267	(1) Except as provided in Subsection (2), this chapter preempts any requirement related
268	to a cannabis producer imposed by a political subdivision of the state that is more restrictive
269	than this chapter.
270	(2) A political subdivision of the state may impose reasonable zoning requirements on
271	a cannabis producer.
272	Section 6. Section 4-42-201 is enacted to read:
273	4-42-201. Cannabis cultivator Cannabis processor Cannabis laboratory
274	License Renewal.
275	(1) A person may not act as a cannabis cultivator, a cannabis processor, or a cannabis
276	laboratory without a cannabis producer license issued by the department in accordance with
277	this chapter.
278	(2) A person may submit an application to the department for a cannabis producer
270	license of the class of:

280	(a) cannabis cultivator;
281	(b) cannabis processor; or
282	(c) cannabis laboratory.
283	(3) An applicant for a license described in Subsection (2) shall submit to the
284	department:
285	(a) an application in a form determined by the department that includes information
286	required by the department by rule made in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah
287	Administrative Rulemaking Act;
288	(b) a bond, as required by Section 4-42-204, for each license for which the person
289	applies;
290	(c) an application fee established by the department, in accordance with Section
291	63J-1-504, in an amount equal to the amount necessary to cover the department's cost to
292	implement this chapter; and
293	(d) an operating plan that complies with minimum operating standards determined by
294	the board by rule, with department concurrence, in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah
295	Administrative Rulemaking Act.
296	(4) The department shall require a separate license and separate license fee for each
297	physical location of a cannabis cultivator, cannabis processor, and cannabis laboratory.
298	(5) An applicant for a license under Subsection (1) shall demonstrate that the location
299	at which the applicant will operate is located 500 feet or more from a school, a church, a public
300	library, a public playground, or a public park.
301	(6) The department may not issue a license to operate a cannabis laboratory to a
302	person:
303	(a) that holds a license for or has an ownership interest in a cannabinoid medicine
304	dispensary, a cannabis processor, or a cannabis cultivator in the state; or
305	(b) that otherwise has an interest in a cannabinoid medicine dispensary, a cannabis
306	processor, or a cannabis cultivator as determined by the department.
307	(6) The board, with department concurrence, may establish additional application
308	criteria and procedures by rule made in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah
309	Administrative Rulemaking Act.
310	Section 7. Section 4-42-202 is enacted to read:

311	<u>4-42-202.</u> Renewal.
312	Except as provided in Subsection (2), the department shall renew the license of a
313	cannabis producer licensed under Section 4-42-201 every two years if, at the time of renewal:
314	(1) the cannabis producer meets the requirements of Section 4-42-201; and
315	(2) the cannabis producer pays the department a license renewal fee in an amount
316	determined by the department in accordance with Section 63J-1-504.
317	Section 8. Section 4-42-203 is enacted to read:
318	4-42-203. Department may accept or deny a license Maximum number of
319	licenses.
320	(1) The board shall determine, with department concurrence, the number of licenses
321	that the department may issue, at any given time, for the class of:
322	(a) cannabis cultivator;
323	(b) cannabis processor; and
324	(c) cannabis laboratory.
325	(2) The board shall determine, with department concurrence, the number of licenses
326	available under Subsection (1) by considering:
327	(a) the population of the state; and
328	(b) the number of registered patients.
329	(3) The department may not issue more than, at any given time, a number of licenses
330	greater than the number available under Subsection (1).
331	(4) The department is not required to issue an available license if the department
332	determines that no qualified applicant has applied.
333	(5) A department decision to award or deny a license under this section is final and not
334	subject to judicial review.
335	Section 9. Section 4-42-204 is enacted to read:
336	4-42-204. Bond required for license Cannabis producer.
337	(1) A cannabis producer licensed under Section 4-42-201 shall post a cash bond or
338	surety bond, payable to the department, in an amount equal to:
339	(a) for a cannabis cultivator, \$2,000,000;
340	(b) for a cannabis processor, \$1,000,000; and
341	(c) for a cannabis laboratory, \$75,000.

342	(2) A cannabis producer licensed under Section 4-42-201 shall maintain the bond
343	described in Subsection (1) for as long as the cannabis producer continues to operate.
344	(3) The department shall require a bond a cannabis producer posts under this section to
345	<u>be:</u>
346	(a) in a form approved by the attorney general; and
347	(b) conditioned upon the cannabis producer's compliance with this chapter.
348	(4) If a bond described in Subsection (1) is canceled due to a cannabis producer's
349	negligence, the department may assess the cannabis producer a \$300 reinstatement fee.
350	(5) A cannabis producer may not withdraw any part of a bond posted under Subsection
351	<u>(1):</u>
352	(a) during the period when the cannabis producer's license is in effect; or
353	(b) while a license revocation proceeding is pending against the cannabis producer.
354	(6) A cannabis producer forfeits a bond posted under Subsection (1) if the cannabis
355	producer's license is revoked.
356	(7) The department may, without revoking a license, make a claim against a bond
357	posted by a cannabis producer under Subsection (1) for money the cannabis producer owes the
358	department under this chapter.
359	Section 10. Section 4-42-301 is enacted to read:
360	Part 3. Cannabis producer agents
361	4-42-301. Cannabis producer agents.
362	(1) A cannabis producer licensed under Section 4-42-201 shall maintain a current list
363	of each agent of the cannabis producer.
364	(2) A cannabis producer shall submit the list described in Subsection (1) to the
365	department before:
366	(a) January 1 of each year; and
367	(b) July 1 of each year.
368	(3) In addition to the list described in Subsection (1), a cannabis producer licensed
369	under Subsection 4-42-201 shall require each agent to submit to a criminal background check
370	in accordance with Section 4-42-302.
371	(4) The department may audit the list described in Subsection (1) at any time, at
372	random in order to determine:

373	(a) that the list is accurate; and
374	(b) that each agent has submitted to a criminal background check in accordance with
375	Section 4-42-302.
376	(5) A cannabis producer is guilty of an infraction if the cannabis producer:
377	(a) fails to maintain an accurate list of each agent of the cannabis producer in
378	accordance with this section; or
379	(b) has an agent who has not submitted to a background check in accordance with
380	Section 4-42-302.
381	Section 11. Section 4-42-302 is enacted to read:
382	4-42-302. Cannabis producer agents Criminal background checks.
383	(1) Each cannabis producer agent shall:
384	(a) submit to the department:
385	(i) a fingerprint card in a form acceptable to the Department of Public Safety; and
386	(ii) a signed waiver in accordance with Subsection 53-10-108(4) indicating that the
387	agent's fingerprints are being registered in the Federal Bureau of Investigation's Next
388	Generation Identification system's Rap Back Service; and
389	(b) consent to a fingerprint background check by:
390	(i) the Bureau of Criminal Identification; and
391	(ii) the Federal Bureau of Investigation.
392	(2) The Bureau of Criminal Identification shall:
393	(a) check the fingerprints submitted under Subsection (1) against the applicable state,
394	regional, and national criminal records databases, including the Federal Bureau of
395	Investigation's Next Generation Identification system;
396	(b) report the results of the background check to the department;
397	(c) maintain a separate file of fingerprints submitted under Subsection (1) for search by
398	future submissions to the local and regional criminal records databases, including latent prints;
399	(d) request that the fingerprints be retained in the Federal Bureau of Investigation's
400	Next Generation Identification system's Rap Back Service for search by future submissions to
401	national criminal records databases, including the Next Generation Identification system and
402	latent prints; and
103	(e) establish a privacy risk mitigation strategy to ensure that the entity only receives

104	notifications for an individual with whom the entity maintains an authorizing relationship.
405	(3) The department shall:
406	(a) assess an individual who submits fingerprints, in accordance with this section, a fee
407	that the Bureau of Criminal Identification is authorized to collect for the services the Bureau of
408	Criminal Identification or other authorized agency provides under this section; and
409	(b) remit a fee collected under Subsection (3)(a) to the Bureau of Criminal
410	Identification.
411	Section 12. Section 4-42-401 is enacted to read:
412	Part 4. General Cannabis Producer Operating Requirements
413	4-42-401. Cannabis producer General operating requirements.
414	(1) (a) A cannabis producer shall operate in accordance with the operating plan the
415	cannabis producer provides to the department under Section 4-42-201.
416	(b) A cannabis producer shall notify the department within 30 days of any change in
417	the cannabis producer's operation plan.
418	(c) The department shall review a cannabis producer's operating plan for compliance
419	with state law and administrative rules.
120	(d) A cannabis producer may not operate under an operating plan until the operating
421	plan is reviewed and approved by the department under Subsection (1)(c).
122	(2) Except as provided in Subsection (3), a cannabis producer shall operate:
123	(a) in a facility that is accessible only by an agent of the cannabis producer; and
124	(b) at the physical address provided to the department under Section 4-42-201.
125	(3) A cannabis producer may allow the press, a visitor, or a contractor access to the
126	cannabis producer's facility if:
127	(a) the cannabis producer tracks and monitors the individual at all times while the
128	individual is in the facility; and
129	(b) a record of the individual's access to the facility is maintained by the cannabis
430	producer.
431	(4) A cannabis producer shall operate in a facility that has:
132	(a) a single, secure public entrance;
133	(b) a security system with a backup power source that:
134	(i) detects and records entry into the facility when the cannabis producer is closed; and

435	(ii) provides notice of an unauthorized entry to law enforcement; and
436	(c) a lock on any area where the cannabis producer stores cannabis or cannabinoid
137	medicine.
138	(5) Except when determined by the Department of Financial Institutions under Section
139	7-26-204, a cannabis producer may only transmit or accept payments for cannabinoid medicine
140	using a cannabis payment processor licensed under Section 7-26-201.
441	(6) The board, with department concurrence, shall establish physical facility standards
142	for a cannabis producer by rule made in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah
143	Administrative Rulemaking Act.
144	Section 13. Section 4-42-402 is enacted to read:
145	4-42-402. Cannabis producer Inspection by department.
146	(1) Subject to Subsection (2), the department shall inspect the records and facility of a
147	cannabis producer in order to determine if the cannabis producer complies with the
148	requirements of this chapter.
149	(2) The department may inspect the records and facility of a cannabis producer:
450	(a) as many as four times per year, scheduled or unscheduled; and
451	(b) if the department has reason to believe that the cannabis producer has violated the
152	law, at any time, scheduled or unscheduled.
453	Section 14. Section 4-42-403 is enacted to read:
154	4-42-403. Cannabis or cannabinoid medicine transportation.
455	(1) An individual may not transport cannabis or cannabinoid medicine between two
456	cannabis producers, or between a cannabis producer and a cannabinoid medicine dispensary,
157	unless the individual is an agent of a licensed cannabis producer or licensed cannabinoid
458	medicine dispensary.
159	(2) An individual transporting cannabinoid medicine or cannabis shall keep a
460	transportation record that includes:
461	(a) a unique identifier that links the cannabis or cannabinoid medicine to the electronic
162	monitoring system;
163	(b) origin and destination information for any cannabis or cannabinoid medicine the
164	individual is transporting; and
165	(c) a record of the departure and arrival time of the individual transporting the cannabis

466	or cannabinoid medicine.
467	(3) In addition to the requirements in Subsections (1) and (2), the board shall establish,
468	with department concurrence, by rule made in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah
469	Administrative Rulemaking Act, requirements for transporting cannabis or cannabinoid
470	medicine related to safety for human consumption of cannabinoid medicine.
471	(4) An agent of a cannabis producer or cannabinoid medicine dispensary is guilty of an
472	infraction if the agent:
473	(a) transports cannabis or cannabinoid medicine; and
474	(b) does not possess, on the agent's person or in the transport vehicle, a transportation
475	record that complies with Subsection (2).
476	(5) An agent who is guilty of an infraction under Subsection (4) is subject to a \$100
477	fine.
478	(6) If the department or a cannabis producer or cannabinoid medicine dispensary agent
479	discovers a defect in the transportation record, the department or agent shall notify law
480	enforcement immediately.
481	Section 15. Section 4-42-501 is enacted to read:
482	Part 5. Cannabis cultivator Operating Requirements
483	4-42-501. Cannabis cultivator Operating requirements.
484	(1) A cannabis cultivator shall cultivate cannabis indoors.
485	(2) A cannabis cultivator shall use a unique identifier for:
486	(a) each batch of cannabis transferred to a cannabis processor; and
487	(b) each unique harvest of cannabis plants.
488	(3) The board, with department concurrence, establish, by rule made in accordance
489	with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act:
490	(a) human safety standards for a cannabis cultivator's:
491	(i) use of pesticides;
492	(ii) use of fertilizers; and
493	(iii) cultivation techniques; and
494	(b) physical facility standards for a cannabis cultivator.
495	Section 16. Section 4-42-601 is enacted to read:
496	Part 6. Cannabis Processor Operating Requirements

197	4-42-601. Cannabis processor Operating requirements.
198	(1) A cannabis processor shall ensure that cannabinoid medicine that the cannabis
199	processor sells or provides to a cannabinoid medicine dispensary complies with the
500	requirements of this part.
501	(2) The board, with department concurrence, shall establish physical facility standards
502	for a cannabis processor.
503	Section 17. Section 4-42-602 is enacted to read:
504	4-42-602. Cannabinoid medicine Product requirements.
505	A cannabis processor may only produce cannabinoid medicine in a medical dosage
506	<u>form.</u>
507	Section 18. Section 4-42-603 is enacted to read:
808	4-42-603. Cannabinoid medicine Labeling and packaging.
509	(1) A cannabis processor shall ensure that all cannabinoid medicine that the cannabis
510	processor distributes has a label or package that:
511	(a) clearly displays the cannabinoid profile of the cannabinoid medicine; and
512	(b) has a unique batch identifier that identifies the unique manufacturing process when
513	the cannabinoid medicine was manufactured; and
514	(c) has a unique identifier that allows the cannabinoid medicine to be tracked by the
515	electronic monitoring system.
516	(2) In addition to Subsection (1), the board shall, with department concurrence,
517	establish by rule made in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative
518	Rulemaking Act, labeling and packaging standards for cannabinoid medicine produced by a
519	cannabis processor.
520	Section 19. Section 4-42-701 is enacted to read:
521	Part 7. Cannabis Laboratory Operating Requirements
522	4-42-701. Cannabis and cannabinoid medicine testing.
523	(1) A cannabis laboratory may not operate unless the cannabis laboratory is capable of
524	accurately testing cannabinoid medicine as described in this section.
525	(2) A cannabis laboratory shall, before cannabinoid medicine is offered for sale at a
526	cannabinoid medicine dispensary, test the cannabinoid medicine as described in this section.

527	(3) A cannabis laboratory shall determine the cannabinoid profile of cannabinoid
528	medicine.
529	(4) A cannabis laboratory shall determine if cannabinoid medicine contains, in an
530	amount that is harmful to human health:
531	(a) mold;
532	(b) fungus;
533	(c) pesticides;
534	(d) other microbial contaminants; or
535	(e) another harmful substance identified by the board or the department under
536	Subsection (7).
537	(5) For cannabinoid medicine that is manufactured using a process that involves
538	extraction using hydrocarbons, a cannabis laboratory shall test the cannabinoid medicine for
539	residual solvents.
540	(6) A cannabis laboratory shall test any cannabis that the cannabis laboratory receives
541	from a cannabis cultivator using carbon stable isotope testing to determine:
542	(a) the origin of the cannabis;
543	(b) the conditions under which the cannabis was grown; and
544	(c) any other information required by the department under Subsection (7) about the
545	cannabis that can be determined using stable isotope testing.
546	(7) The board shall determine, with department concurrence, by rule made in
547	accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act:
548	(a) the amount of substances described in Subsection (4) and the amount of residual
549	solvents that are safe for human consumption;
550	(b) additional cannabis or cannabinoid medicine testing that a cannabis laboratory is
551	required to perform; and
552	(c) minimum standards for a cannabis laboratory's testing methods and procedures.
553	Section 20. Section 4-42-702 is enacted to read:
554	4-42-702. Reporting Inspections.
555	(1) A cannabis laboratory shall report the results of each cannabis or cannabinoid
556	medicine test to the department.
557	(2) A cannabis laboratory shall determine if the results of a lab test indicate that a

558	cannabis or cannabinoid medicine batch is unsafe for human consumption;
559	(c) using a carbon stable isotope test, was not cultivated in accordance with this
560	chapter.
561	(3) If a cannabis laboratory makes a determination described in Subsection (2), the
562	cannabis laboratory may not release the batch to a cannabis processor or a cannabinoid
563	medicine dispensary until the department has an opportunity to respond to the cannabis
564	laboratory within a period of time determined by the department.
565	(4) (a) If the department determines that a cannabis or cannabinoid medicine batch is
566	unsafe for human consumption, the department shall destroy the cannabis or cannabinoid
567	medicine batch.
568	(b) If the department determines that a cannabis or cannabinoid medicine batch was no
569	cultivated in accordance with this chapter, the department may seize, embargo, or destroy a
570	cannabis or cannabinoid medicine batch in accordance with Section 4-42-801.
571	(5) The board, with department concurrence, shall establish, by rule made in
572	accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the amount of
573	time that a cannabis laboratory is required to hold a batch under Subsection (3).
574	(6) The department may conduct a test to:
575	(a) determine the accuracy of a cannabis laboratory's:
576	(i) cannabis or cannabinoid medicine test results; or
577	(ii) analytical method; or
578	(b) validate a cannabis laboratory's testing methods.
579	Section 21. Section 4-42-801 is enacted to read:
580	Part 8. Enforcement
581	4-42-801. Enforcement Fine Citation.
582	(1) The department may, for a violation of this chapter by a cannabis producer:
583	(a) revoke the cannabis producer's license;
584	(b) refuse to renew the cannabis producer's license;
585	(c) assess the cannabis producer an administrative penalty; or
586	(d) take any other appropriate administrative action.
587	(2) The department shall deposit an administrative penalty imposed under this section
588	into the Cannabinoid Medicine Restricted Account.

589	(3) (a) The department may take an action described in Subsection (3)(b) if the
590	department concludes, upon inspection or investigation, that, for a person that is a cannabis
591	producer:
592	(i) the person has violated the provisions of this chapter, a rule made under this
593	chapter, or an order issued under this chapter;
594	(ii) the person prepared a cannabis or cannabinoid medicine batch in a manner, or such
595	that the batch contains a substance, that poses a threat to human health; or
596	(iii) the person possessed or used a cannabis batch that was not cultivated in
597	accordance with this chapter.
598	(b) If the department makes the determination about a person described in Subsection
599	(3)(a)(i), the department shall:
600	(i) issue the person a citation in writing;
601	(ii) attempt to negotiate a stipulated settlement; or
602	(iii) direct the person to appear before an adjudicative proceeding conducted under
603	Title 63G, Chapter 4, Administrative Procedures Act.
604	(c) If the department makes the determination about a person described in Subsection
605	(3)(a)(ii), the department may:
606	(i) seize, embargo, or destroy a cannabis or cannabinoid medicine batch; and
607	(ii) direct the person to appear before an adjudicative proceeding conducted under Title
608	63G, Chapter 4, Administrative Procedures Act.
609	(4) The department may, for a person subject to an uncontested citation, a stipulated
610	settlement, or a finding of a violation in an adjudicative proceeding under this section:
611	(a) assess the person a fine in an amount determined by the department in accordance
612	with Section 63J-1-504; or
613	(b) order the person to cease and desist from the action that creates a violation.
614	(5) The department may not revoke a cannabis producer's license via a citation.
615	(6) If within 20 calendar days after the day on which a department serves a citation for
616	a violation of this chapter, the person that is the subject of the citation fails to request a hearing
617	to contest the citation, the citation becomes the basis of the department's final order.
618	(7) The department may, for a person who fails to comply with a citation under this
619	section:

620	(a) refuse to issue or renew the person's license; or
621	(b) suspend, revoke, or place on probation the person's license.
622	Section 22. Section 4-42-802 is enacted to read:
623	4-42-802. Report to the Legislature.
624	The department shall report, each year before November 1, to the Health and Human
625	Services Interim Committee, on the department's administration and enforcement of this
626	chapter.
627	Section 23. Section 4-42-803 is enacted to read:
628	4-42-803. Fees Deposit into Cannabinoid Medicine Restricted Account.
629	The department shall deposit fees the department collects under this chapter into the
630	Cannabinoid Medicine Restricted Account.
631	Section 24. Section 7-26-101 is enacted to read:
632	CHAPTER 26. CANNABIS PAYMENT PROCESSOR
633	Part 1. General Provisions
634	<u>7-26-101.</u> Title.
635	This chapter is known as "Cannabis Payment Processor."
636	Section 25. Section 7-26-102 is enacted to read:
637	<u>7-26-102.</u> Definitions.
638	As used in this chapter:
639	(1) "Board" means the same as that term is defined in Section 4-42-102.
640	(2) "Cannabinoid medicine" means a substance that:
641	(a) contains cannabis; and
642	(b) is intended for human medical use.
643	(3) "Cannabinoid medicine card" means the same as that term is defined in Section
644	<u>26-59-102.</u>
645	(4) "Cannabinoid medicine dispensary" means the same as that term is defined in
646	Section 58-87-102.
647	(5) "Cannabis" means any part of the plant cannabis sativa, whether growing or not.
648	(6) "Cannabis producer" means the same as that term is defined in Section 4-42-102.
649	(7) "Cannabis payment processor" means a person that facilitates payment:

650	(a) without using cash;
651	(b) electronically, in connection with the electronic monitoring system; and
652	(c) (i) (A) for cannabis, from a cannabis producer to another cannabis producer;
653	(B) for cannabis or cannabinoid medicine testing, from a cannabis producer to a
654	cannabis laboratory; or
655	(C) for cannabinoid medicine, from a cannabinoid medicine dispensary to a cannabis
656	producer; or
657	(ii) by a registered patient, for cannabinoid medicine, to a cannabinoid medicine
658	dispensary.
659	(8) "Electronic monitoring system" means the same as that term is defined in Section
660	<u>4-42-102.</u>
661	(9) "Registered patient" means an individual with a valid cannabinoid medicine card
662	issued by the department under Section 26-59-201.
663	Section 26. Section 7-26-201 is enacted to read:
664	Part 2. Cannabis Payment Processor License
665	7-26-201. Cannabis payment processor License.
666	(1) A person may not act as a cannabis payment processor without a license issued by
667	the department under this section.
668	(2) An applicant for a cannabis payment processor license shall:
669	(a) submit to the department:
670	(i) the applicant's name, business address, and place of incorporation;
671	(ii) the name of each owner, officer, director, board member, shareholder, agent,
672	employee, or volunteer of the applicant; and
673	(iii) a fee in accordance with Section 7-1-401; and
674	(b) present evidence to the department that:
675	(i) the applicant is capable of electronically receiving funds from, and distributing
676	funds to:
677	(A) a cannabis producer;
678	(B) a cannabinoid medicine dispensary; and
679	(C) a registered patient;
680	(ii) the applicant has a partnership, service agreement, or service contract with a

581	federally insured depository institution that agrees to clear cannabinoid medicine transactions;
582	(iii) the applicant is able to interface with the electronic monitoring system to enable a
583	registered patient to:
584	(A) add funds, using a bank wire or a credit card, to an account with the applicant
585	associated with the cannabinoid medicine card; and
686	(B) use the cannabinoid medicine card to pay for cannabinoid medicine at a
587	cannabinoid medicine dispensary using the funds in the individual's account with the cannabis
588	payment processor; and
589	(iv) the applicant is, at minimum:
590	(A) a level one payment card industry data security standard-validated provider;
591	(B) certified by Europay, MasterCard and Visa; and
592	(C) capable of integrating with fifty payment processors.
593	(4) A license issued under this section is valid for two years.
594	(5) The department may determine, by rule made in accordance with Title 63G,
595	Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act:
596	(a) any additional information an applicant for a cannabis payment processor is
597	required to submit to the department; and
598	(b) procedural requirements for an applicant for a license under this chapter.
599	(6) An applicant for a cannabis payment processor license under this section may
700	request that the department treat information that the applicant submits to the department as
701	confidential under Section 7-1-802.
702	Section 27. Section 7-26-202 is enacted to read:
703	7-26-202. Renewal Abandonment.
704	The department shall renew a person's cannabis payment processor license every two
705	years if, at the time of renewal, the person:
706	(1) meets the requirements of Section 7-26-201;
707	(2) demonstrates the criteria described in Subsection 7-26-203(2); and
708	(3) the person pays the department a license renewal fee in an amount determined by
709	the department in accordance with Section 7-1-401.
710	Section 28. Section 7-26-203 is enacted to read:
711	7-26-203. Number of licenses Criteria for awarding a license.

712	(1) The department may issue up to a number of cannabis payment processor licenses
713	determined by the board with department concurrence.
714	(2) The department shall evaluate an applicant for a cannabis payment processor
715	license to determine to what extent the applicant has demonstrated:
716	(a) experience with:
717	(i) establishing and running a business in a related field;
718	(ii) operating a payment processing system;
719	(iii) complying with a regulatory environment; and
720	(iv) training, evaluating, and monitoring employees;
721	(b) connections to the local community;
722	(c) that the applicant will keep the cost of the applicant's products or services low; and
723	(d) that the applicant will maximize convenience, efficiency, and security for
724	processing cannabinoid medicine payments.
725	(3) After a department official reviews an applicant's application under Section
726	7-26-201 and evaluates the application for the criteria described in Subsection (2), the official
727	shall submit the department's findings and recommendations to the commissioner.
728	(4) After reviewing the findings and recommendations described in Subsection (3), the
729	commissioner shall make a final determination that awards or denies a cannabis payment
730	processor license to an applicant.
731	(5) In making a recommendation of which applicant to award a cannabis payment
732	processor license under Subsection (1), the department shall consult, to the extent that the
733	consultation involves compatibility and coordination of a cannabis payment processor licensee
734	with other state cannabinoid medicine regulation, with:
735	(a) the executive director of the Department of Commerce or the executive director's
736	designee;
737	(b) the chair of the State Tax Commission or the chair's designee;
738	(c) the chief information officer of the Department of Technology Services or the chief
739	information officer's designee;
740	(d) the executive director of the Department of Health or the executive director's
741	designee;
742	(e) the commissioner of the Department of Agriculture and Food or the commissioner's

743	designee; and
744	(f) the commissioner of the Department of Public Safety or the commissioner's
745	designee.
746	(6) An applicant for which the department denies an application is entitled to judicial
747	review under Section 7-1-714.
748	Section 29. Section 7-26-204 is enacted to read:
749	7-26-204. Cash system if no cannabis payment processor available.
750	(1) The department shall determine if no qualified cannabis payment processor
751	submitted an application for a license under this chapter.
752	(2) If the department makes the determination described in Subsection (1), the
753	department shall issue a statement that a cannabis payment processor is not available and that a
754	cannabis producer, cannabinoid medicine dispensary, or registered patient may use cash to pay
755	for products and services related to cannabinoid medicine.
756	Section 30. Section 7-26-301 is enacted to read:
757	Part 3. Operating Requirements
758	<u>7-26-301.</u> Operating requirements.
759	(1) A cannabis payment processor may not accept or disburse cash in a transaction
760	involving cannabinoid medicine.
761	(2) A cannabis payment processor may not act as a cannabis payment processor for a
762	person unless the person is:
763	(a) a registered patient;
764	(b) a person who is licensed under:
765	(i) Title 4, Chapter 42, Cannabis Producers; or
766	(ii) Title 58, Chapter 87, Cannabinoid Medicine Dispensaries.
767	(3) A cannabis payment processor shall maintain interoperability with the electronic
768	monitoring system.
769	Section 31. Section 7-26-401 is enacted to read:
770	Part 4. Enforcement
771	7-26-401. Examination Administrative action.
772	(1) The department may examine the records or activities of a cannabis payment
773	processor at any time in order to determine if the cannabis payment processor is complying

774	with this chapter.
775	(2) If the department determines that a person is acting as a cannabis payment
776	processor without a license issued under this section, the department may:
777	(a) order the person to cease and desist from acting as a cannabis payment processor;
778	<u>and</u>
779	(b) assess the person a fine in an amount determined by the department by rule made in
780	accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act.
781	(3) If the department determines that a person with a cannabis payment processor
782	license issued by the department has violated this chapter, the department may:
783	(a) order the person to cease and desist from the violation;
784	(b) assess the person a fine in an amount determined by the department by rule made in
785	accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act; or
786	(c) revoke the person's license.
787	Section 32. Section 7-26-402 is enacted to read:
788	7-26-402. Fees Deposit into Medical Cannabis Restricted Account.
789	The department shall deposit fees the department collects under this chapter into the
790	Cannabinoid Medicine Restricted Account created in Section 4-42-105.
791	Section 33. Section 26-59-101 is enacted to read:
792	CHAPTER 59. CANNABINOID MEDICINE ACT
793	<u>26-59-101.</u> Title.
794	This chapter is known as "Cannabinoid Medicine Act."
795	Section 34. Section 26-59-102 is enacted to read:
796	<u>26-59-102.</u> Definitions.
797	(1) "Agent" means an employee or independent contractor of an entity.
798	(2) "Board" means the Cannabinoid Medicine Board created in Section 4-42-103.
799	(3) "Cannabis" means any part of a cannabis plant, whether growing or not.
800	(4) "Cannabis laboratory" means the same as that term is defined in Section 4-42-102.
801	(5) "Cannabinoid medicine" means a substance that:
802	(a) contains cannabis; and
803	(b) is intended for human medical use.
804	(6) "Cannabinoid medicine card" means a card issued by the department under Section

805	26-59-201 to a patient who qualifies for treatment with cannabinoid medicine.
806	(7) "Cannabinoid medicine dispensary" means a person that:
807	(a) sells cannabinoid medicine; or
808	(b) purchases or possesses cannabinoid medicine with the intent to sell cannabinoid
809	medicine.
810	(8) "Cannabinoid Medicine Restricted Account" means the account created in Section
811	<u>4-42-105.</u>
812	(9) "Cannabis payment processor" means the same as that term is defined in Section
813	<u>7-26-102.</u>
814	(10) "Designated caregiver" means an individual authorized by a registered patient
815	under Section 26-59-202 to retrieve the registered patient's cannabinoid medicine on the
816	registered patient's behalf.
817	(11) "Electronic monitoring system" means the system described in Section 4-42-103.
818	(12) "Medical dosage form" means a qualifying dosage form for cannabinoid medicine
819	<u>under Section 26-59-104.</u>
820	(13) "Physician" means an individual who is licensed to practice:
821	(a) medicine, under Title 58, Chapter 67, Utah Medical Practice Act; or
822	(b) osteopathic medicine, under Title 58, Chapter 68, Utah Osteopathic Medical
823	Practice Act;
824	(14) "Qualifying illness" means a condition for which treatment with cannabinoid
825	medicine is authorized under Section 26-59-103.
826	(15) "Registered patient" means an individual with a valid cannabinoid medicine card
827	issued by the department under Section 26-59-201.
828	Section 35. Section 26-59-103 is enacted to read:
829	26-59-103. Qualifying illness for treatment using medical cannabis-based
830	medicine Committee duties Recommendation to Legislature.
831	(1) For the purpose of this chapter, any of the following conditions is considered a
832	qualifying illness for treatment with cannabinoid medicine:
833	(a) epilepsy or a similar condition that causes debilitating seizures;
834	(b) Crohn's disease or a similar gastrointestinal disorder;
835	(c) HIV, acquired immune deficiency syndrome, or an autoimmune disorder;

836	(d) multiple sclerosis or a similar condition that causes persistent and debilitating
837	muscle spasms;
838	(e) nausea and vomiting during chemotherapy;
839	(f) muscle spacticity or a movement disorder;
840	(g) pain conditions as follows:
841	(i) complex regional pain syndrome;
842	(ii) peripheral neuropathy;
843	(iii) post herpetic neuralgia;
844	(iv) pain related to HIV;
845	(v) pain related to cancer;
846	(vi) pain occurring after and related to a stroke; and
847	(vii) phantom limb pain; and
848	(h) post-traumatic stress disorder related to military service.
849	(2) On or before September 30 of each year, the board shall:
850	(a) review the list of conditions described in Subsection (1) to determine if, based on
851	available medically relevant information, it is medically appropriate to add or remove a
852	condition from the list; and
853	(b) present the board's recommendation to the Health and Human Services Interim
854	Committee.
855	Section 36. Section 26-59-104 is enacted to read:
856	26-59-104. Medical dosage form.
857	(1) For the purpose of this chapter, any of the following is a qualifying medical dosage
858	form for cannabinoid medicine:
859	(a) a tablet;
860	(b) a capsule;
861	(c) a concentrated oil;
862	(d) an injectable;
863	(e) a trans-dermal preparation; and
864	(f) a sub-lingual preparation.
865	(2) A registered patient may not purchase, use, or possess cannabinoid medicine unless
866	the cannabinoid medicine is prepared in a medical dosage form.

867	(3) A cannabinoid dispensary may not purchase, possess, or sell cannabinoid medicine
868	unless the cannabinoid medicine is prepared in a medical dosage form.
869	(4) The board may recommend that the Legislature approve the use of an additional
870	medical dosage form.
871	Section 37. Section 26-59-201 is enacted to read:
872	Part 2. Cannabinoid Medicine Card
873	26-59-201. Cannabinoid Medicine Card Application Renewal.
874	(1) An individual may not purchase cannabinoid medicine unless the department issues
875	the individual a cannabinoid medicine card in accordance with this section.
876	(2) The department shall issue a cannabinoid medicine card to an individual who
877	qualifies for a cannabinoid medicine card under this chapter and follows the procedures
878	described in this chapter.
879	(3) An individual qualifies for a cannabinoid medicine card if:
880	(a) the individual is:
881	(i) at least 18 years old; and
882	(ii) is a Utah resident; and
883	(b) a physician determines that the individual:
884	(i) suffers from a qualifying illness; and
885	(ii) may benefit from treatment with cannabinoid medicine.
886	(3) An applicant for a cannabinoid medicine card shall:
887	(a) submit an application to the department, in a form determined by the department,
888	that includes:
889	(i) the individual's name, age, and address;
890	(ii) a copy of the individual's valid government-issued photo identification;
891	(iii) a signed copy of the physician determination described in Subsection (2)(b); and
892	(iv) any other information required by the board, with department concurrence, by rule
893	made in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act; and
894	(b) pay the department a fee established by the department in accordance with Section
895	<u>63J-1-504.</u>
896	(4) A cannabinoid medicine card that the department issues under Subsection (1) is
897	valid for one year

898	(5) The department may revoke an individual's cannabinoid medicine card if the
899	individual violates this chapter.
900	Section 38. Section 26-59-202 is enacted to read:
901	26-59-202. Cannabinoid medicine card Designated caregiver Registration
902	Renewal Revocation.
903	(1) A registered patient who a physician determines is unable to obtain cannabinoid
904	medicine from a cannabinoid medicine dispensary may register with the department, via the
905	electronic monitoring system, one individual to serve as the registered patient's designated
906	caregiver.
907	(2) An individual registered as a designated caregiver of a registered patient under this
908	section may:
909	(a) carry the registered patient's cannabinoid medicine card; and
910	(b) purchase and possess cannabinoid medicine, in accordance with this chapter, on
911	behalf of the designating patient.
912	(3) An individual may serve as a designated caregiver under Subsection (1) if the
913	individual:
914	(a) is at least 18 years old; and
915	(b) is a Utah resident.
916	Section 39. Section 26-59-203 is enacted to read:
917	26-59-203. Cannabinoid medicine card Patient and designated caregiver
918	requirements.
919	(1) A registered patient or designated caregiver of the registered patient who possesses
920	cannabinoid medicine outside of the registered patient's residence shall:
921	(a) carry the registered patient's cannabinoid medicine card on the registered patient's
922	or designated caregiver's person at all times;
923	(b) carry, with the cannabinoid medicine, the cannabinoid medicine label or packaging
924	that includes a unique identifier that links the cannabinoid medicine to the electronic
925	monitoring system; and
926	(c) possess no more than a 90-day supply of cannabinoid medicine as established by
927	the recommendation of a physician for the registered patient's treatment.
928	(2) A registered patient or designated caregiver may only purchase cannabinoid

929	medicine via a cannabis payment processor licensed under Section 7-26-201.
930	(3) A registered patient or designated caregiver of a registered patient is guilty of an
931	infraction if the registered patient or designated caregiver:
932	(a) possesses cannabinoid medicine outside of the registered patient's residence; and
933	(b) (i) does not possess, on the registered patient's or designated caregiver's person, the
934	registered patient's cannabinoid medicine card; or
935	(ii) does not possess a label that complies with Subsection (1)(b).
936	(4) An individual who is guilty of an infraction under Subsection (3) is subject to a
937	\$100 fine.
938	Section 40. Section 26-59-204 is enacted to read:
939	26-59-204. Insurance coverage.
940	An insurance carrier, third-party administrator, or employer is not required to provide
941	reimbursement for treatment of an individual with cannabinoid medicine under this chapter.
942	Section 41. Section 26-59-205 is enacted to read:
943	26-59-205. Report to the Legislature.
944	The department shall, before November 1 each year, report to the Health and Human
945	Services Interim Committee on the department's administration and enforcement of this
946	chapter.
947	Section 42. Section 26-59-206 is enacted to read:
948	<u>26-59-206.</u> Fees Deposit.
949	The department shall deposit any fee the department collects under this chapter into the
950	Cannabinoid Medicine Restricted Account created in Section 4-42-105.
951	Section 43. Section 41-6a-517 is amended to read:
952	41-6a-517. Definitions Driving with any measurable controlled substance in the
953	body Penalties Arrest without warrant.
954	(1) As used in this section:
955	(a) "Controlled substance" has the same meaning as in Section 58-37-2.
956	(b) "Practitioner" has the same meaning as in Section 58-37-2.
957	(c) "Prescribe" has the same meaning as in Section 58-37-2.
958	(d) "Prescription" has the same meaning as in Section 58-37-2.

959	(2) In cases not amounting to a violation of Section 41-6a-502, a person may not
960	operate or be in actual physical control of a motor vehicle within this state if the person has any
961	measurable controlled substance or metabolite of a controlled substance in the person's body.
962	(3) It is an affirmative defense to prosecution under this section that the controlled
963	substance was:
964	(a) involuntarily ingested by the accused;
965	(b) prescribed by a practitioner for use by the accused; [or]
966	(c) for a person who is a registered patient under Title 26, Chapter 59, Cannabinoid
967	Medicine Act, cannabinoid medicine recommended by a physician; or
968	[(c)] <u>(d)</u> otherwise legally ingested.
969	(4) (a) A person convicted of a violation of Subsection (2) is guilty of a class B
970	misdemeanor.
971	(b) A person who violates this section is subject to conviction and sentencing under
972	both this section and any applicable offense under Section 58-37-8.
973	(5) A peace officer may, without a warrant, arrest a person for a violation of this
974	section when the officer has probable cause to believe the violation has occurred, although not
975	in the officer's presence, and if the officer has probable cause to believe that the violation was
976	committed by the person.
977	(6) The Driver License Division shall, if the person is 21 years of age or older on the
978	date of arrest:
979	(a) suspend, for a period of 120 days, the driver license of a person convicted under
980	Subsection (2) of an offense committed on or after July 1, 2009; or
981	(b) revoke, for a period of two years, the driver license of a person if:
982	(i) the person has a prior conviction as defined under Subsection 41-6a-501(2); and
983	(ii) the current violation under Subsection (2) is committed on or after July 1, 2009,
984	and within a period of 10 years after the date of the prior violation.
985	(7) The Driver License Division shall, if the person is 19 years of age or older but
986	under 21 years of age on the date of arrest:
987	(a) suspend, until the person is 21 years of age or for a period of one year, whichever is
988	longer, the driver license of a person convicted under Subsection (2) of an offense committed
989	on or after July 1, 2011; or

990 (b) revoke, until the person is 21 years of age or for a period of two years, whichever is longer, the driver license of a person if:

- (i) the person has a prior conviction as defined under Subsection 41-6a-501(2); and
- 993 (ii) the current violation under Subsection (2) is committed on or after July 1, 2009, 994 and within a period of 10 years after the date of the prior violation.
- 995 (8) The Driver License Division shall, if the person is under 19 years of age on the date 996 of arrest:
 - (a) suspend, until the person is 21 years of age, the driver license of a person convicted under Subsection (2) of an offense committed on or after July 1, 2009; or
 - (b) revoke, until the person is 21 years of age, the driver license of a person if:
 - (i) the person has a prior conviction as defined under Subsection 41-6a-501(2); and
 - (ii) the current violation under Subsection (2) is committed on or after July 1, 2009, and within a period of 10 years after the date of the prior violation.
 - (9) The Driver License Division shall subtract from any suspension or revocation period the number of days for which a license was previously suspended under Section 53-3-223 or 53-3-231, if the previous suspension was based on the same occurrence upon which the record of conviction is based.
- 1007 (10) The Driver License Division shall:

992

997

998

999

1000

1001

1002

1003

1004

1005

1006

1008

1009

1010

1011

1012

- (a) deny, suspend, or revoke a person's license for the denial and suspension periods in effect prior to July 1, 2009, for a conviction of a violation under Subsection (2) that was committed prior to July 1, 2009; or
- (b) deny, suspend, or revoke the operator's license of a person for the denial, suspension, or revocation periods in effect from July 1, 2009, through June 30, 2011, if:
- 1013 (i) the person was 20 years of age or older but under 21 years of age at the time of arrest; and
- 1015 (ii) the conviction under Subsection (2) is for an offense that was committed on or after 1016 July 1, 2009, and prior to July 1, 2011.
- 1017 (11) A court that reported a conviction of a violation of this section for a violation that
 1018 occurred on or after July 1, 2009, to the Driver License Division may shorten the suspension
 1019 period imposed under Subsection (7)(a) or (8)(a) prior to completion of the suspension period
 1020 if the person:

1021	(a) completes at least six months of the license suspension;
1022	(b) completes a screening;
1023	(c) completes an assessment, if it is found appropriate by a screening under Subsection
1024	(11)(b);
1025	(d) completes substance abuse treatment if it is found appropriate by the assessment
1026	under Subsection (11)(c);
1027	(e) completes an educational series if substance abuse treatment is not required by the
1028	assessment under Subsection (11)(c) or the court does not order substance abuse treatment;
1029	(f) has not been convicted of a violation of any motor vehicle law in which the person
1030	was involved as the operator of the vehicle during the suspension period imposed under
1031	Subsection $(7)(a)$ or $(8)(a)$;
1032	(g) has complied with all the terms of the person's probation or all orders of the court if
1033	not ordered to probation; and
1034	(h) (i) is 18 years of age or older and provides a sworn statement to the court that the
1035	person has not consumed a controlled substance not prescribed by a practitioner for use by the
1036	person or unlawfully consumed alcohol during the suspension period imposed under
1037	Subsection $(7)(a)$ or $(8)(a)$; or
1038	(ii) is under 18 years of age and has the person's parent or legal guardian provide an
1039	affidavit or other sworn statement to the court certifying that to the parent or legal guardian's
1040	knowledge the person has not consumed a controlled substance not prescribed by a practitioner
1041	for use by the person or unlawfully consumed alcohol during the suspension period imposed
1042	under Subsection (7)(a) or (8)(a).
1043	(12) If the court shortens a person's license suspension period in accordance with the
1044	requirements of Subsection (11), the court shall forward the order shortening the person's
1045	license suspension period prior to the completion of the suspension period imposed under
1046	Subsection (7)(a) or (8)(a) to the Driver License Division.
1047	(13) (a) The court shall notify the Driver License Division if a person fails to:
1048	(i) complete all court ordered screening and assessment, educational series, and
1049	substance abuse treatment; or
1050	(ii) pay all fines and fees, including fees for restitution and treatment costs.
1051	(b) Upon receiving the notification, the division shall suspend the person's driving

1052	privilege in accordance with Subsections 53-3-221(2) and (3).
1053	(14) The court shall order supervised probation in accordance with Section 41-6a-507
1054	for a person convicted under Subsection (2).
1055	Section 44. Section 58-37-3.6 is enacted to read:
1056	58-37-3.6. Exemption for possession or use of cannabinoid medicine.
1057	(1) As used in this section:
1058	(a) "Cannabinoid medicine" means a substance that:
1059	(i) contains cannabis; and
1060	(ii) is intended for human medical use.
1061	(b) "Cannabis" means any part of the plant cannabis sativa, whether growing or not.
1062	(c) "Drug paraphernalia" means the same as that term is defined in Section 58-37a-3.
1063	(d) "Tetrahydrocannabinol" means a substance derived from cannabis that meets the
1064	description in Subsection 58-37-4(2)(a)(iii)(AA).
1065	(2) Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter:
1066	(a) an individual who grows, possesses, sells, or offers to sell cannabis is not subject to
1067	the penalties described in this title for the growth, possession, sale, or offer for sale of
1068	marijuana or tetrahydrocannabinol to the extent that the individual's growth, possession, sale,
1069	or offer for sale of cannabis complies with:
1070	(i) Title 4, Chapter 42, Cannabis Producers;
1071	(ii) Title 26, Chapter 59, Cannabinoid Medicine Act; and
1072	(iii) Title 58, Chapter 87, Cannabinoid Medicine Dispensaries; and
1073	(b) an individual who possesses, sells, or offers to sell cannabinoid medicine is not
1074	subject to the penalties described in this title for the possession, sale, or offer for sale of
1075	marijuana or tetrahydrocannabinol to the extent that the individual's possession, sale, or offer
1076	for sale of cannabinoid medicine complies with:
1077	(i) Title 4, Chapter 42, Cannabis Producers;
1078	(ii) Title 26, Chapter 59, Cannabinoid Medicine Act; and
1079	(iii) Title 58, Chapter 87, Cannabinoid Medicine Dispensaries; and
1080	(c) an individual who possesses, sells, or offers to sell cannabinoid medicine is not
1081	subject to the penalties described in this title for the possession, sale, or offer for sale of
1082	marijuana or tetrahydrocannahinol drug paraphernalia to the extent that the individual's growth

1083	possession, sale, or offer for sale of cannabinoid medicine complies with:
1084	(i) Title 4, Chapter 42, Cannabis Producers;
1085	(ii) Title 26, Chapter 59, Cannabinoid Medicine Act; and
1086	(iii) Title 58, Chapter 87, Cannabinoid Medicine Dispensaries.
1087	Section 45. Section 58-87-101 is enacted to read:
1088	CHAPTER 87. CANNABINOID MEDICINE DISPENSARIES
1089	Part 1. General Provisions
1090	<u>58-87-101.</u> Title.
1091	This chapter is known as "Cannabinoid Medicine Dispensaries."
1092	Section 46. Section 58-87-102 is enacted to read:
1093	<u>58-87-102.</u> Definitions.
1094	As used in this chapter:
1095	(1) "Agent" means an employee or independent contractor of an entity.
1096	(2) "Board" means the Cannabinoid Medicine Board created in Section 4-42-103.
1097	(3) "Cannabis" means any part of a cannabis plant, whether growing or not.
1098	(4) "Cannabis laboratory" means the same as that term is defined in Section 4-42-102.
1099	(5) "Cannabinoid medicine" means a substance that:
1100	(a) contains cannabis; and
1101	(b) is intended for human medical use.
1102	(6) "Cannabinoid medicine dispensary" means a person that:
1103	(a) sells cannabinoid medicine; or
1104	(b) purchases or possesses cannabinoid medicine with the intent to sell cannabinoid
1105	medicine.
1106	(7) "Cannabis cultivation facility" means the same as that term is defined in Section
1107	<u>4-42-102.</u>
1108	(8) "Cannabis payment processor" means the same as that term is defined in Section
1109	<u>7-26-102.</u>
1110	(9) "Cannabis processor" means the same as that term is defined in Section 4-42-102.
1111	(10) "Cannabis producer" means:
1112	(a) a cannabis cultivation facility;
1113	(b) a cannabis processor; or

- 36 -

1114	(c) a cannabis laboratory.
1115	(11) "Electronic monitoring system" means the system described in Section 4-42-104.
1116	(12) "Cannabinoid medicine card" means the same as that term is defined in Section
1117	<u>26-59-102.</u>
1118	(13) "Cannabinoid Medicine Restricted Account" means the account created in Section
1119	<u>4-42-105.</u>
1120	(14) "Physician" means the same as that term is defined in Section 26-59-102.
1121	(15) "Registered patient" means an individual with a valid cannabinoid medicine card
1122	issued by the department under Section 26-59-201.
1123	Section 47. Section 58-87-103 is enacted to read:
1124	58-87-103. Requirement made by a political subdivision.
1125	(1) Except as provided in Subsection (2), this chapter preempts any requirement related
1126	to a cannabinoid medicine dispensary imposed by a political subdivision of the state that is
1127	more restrictive than this chapter.
1128	(2) A political subdivision of the state may impose reasonable zoning requirements on
1129	a cannabinoid medicine dispensary.
1130	Section 48. Section 58-87-201 is enacted to read:
1131	Part 2. Cannabinoid Medicine Dispensary License and Eligibility
1132	58-87-201. Cannabinoid medicine dispensary License Eligibility.
1133	(1) A person may not operate as a cannabinoid medicine dispensary without a license
1134	from the division issued under this part.
1135	(2) A person may submit an application to the division for a license to act as a
1136	cannabinoid medicine dispensary.
1137	(3) An applicant for a license described in Subsection (2) shall submit to the division:
1138	(a) an application in a form determined by the division that includes information
1139	required by the division by rule made in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah
1140	Administrative Rulemaking Act;
1141	(b) a bond, as required by Section 58-87-205, for each license for which the person
1142	applies;
1143	(c) an application fee established by the division, in accordance with Section
1144	631-1-501 in an amount equal to the amount necessary to cover the division's cost to

1145	implement this chapter; and
1146	(d) an operating plan that complies with minimum operating standards determined by
1147	the board by rule, with division concurrence, in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah
1148	Administrative Rulemaking Act.
1149	(4) The division shall require a separate license and separate license fee for each
1150	physical location of a cannabinoid medicine dispensary.
1151	(5) An applicant for a license under Subsection (1) shall demonstrate that the location
1152	at which the applicant will operate is located 500 feet or more from a school, a church, a public
1153	library, a public playground, or a public park.
1154	Section 49. Section 58-87-202 is enacted to read:
1155	<u>58-87-202.</u> Renewal.
1156	Except as provided in Subsection (2), the division shall renew the license of a
1157	cannabinoid dispensary licensed under Section 58-87-201 if, at the time of renewal:
1158	(1) the cannabinoid dispensary meets the requirements of Section 58-87-201; and
1159	(2) the cannabinoid dispensary pays the division a license renewal fee in an amount
1160	determined by the division in accordance with Section 63J-1-504.
1161	Section 50. Section 58-87-203 is enacted to read:
1162	58-87-203. Division may accept or deny a license Maximum number of licenses.
1163	(1) The board shall determine, with division concurrence, the number of cannabinoid
1164	dispensary licenses that the division may issue at any given time.
1165	(2) The board shall determine, with division concurrence, the number of licenses
1166	available under Subsection (1) by considering:
1167	(a) the population of the state; and
1168	(b) the number of registered patients.
1169	(3) The division may not issue more than, at any given time, a number of licenses
1170	greater than the number available under Subsection (1).
1171	(4) The division is not required to issue an available license if the division determines
1172	that no qualified applicant has applied.
1173	(5) A division decision to award or deny a license under this section is final and not
1174	subject to judicial review.
1175	Section 51. Section 58-87-204 is enacted to read:

1176	58-87-204. Bond for a cannabinoid medicine dispensary license.
1177	(1) A cannabinoid medicine dispensary licensed under Section 58-87-201 shall post a
1178	cash bond or surety bond, payable to the division, in an amount equal to \$750,000.
1179	(2) A cannabinoid medicine dispensary licensed under Section 58-87-201 shall
1180	maintain the bond described in Subsection (1) for as long as the cannabinoid medicine
1181	dispensary continues to operate.
1182	(3) The division shall require a bond a cannabinoid medicine dispensary posts under
1183	this section to be:
1184	(a) in a form approved by the attorney general; and
1185	(b) conditioned upon the cannabinoid medicine dispensary's compliance with this
1186	chapter.
1187	(4) If a bond described in Subsection (1) is canceled due to a cannabinoid medicine
1188	dispensary's negligence, the division may assess the cannabinoid medicine dispensary a \$300
1189	reinstatement fee.
1190	(5) A cannabinoid medicine dispensary may not withdraw any part of a bond posted
1191	under Subsection (1):
1192	(a) during the period when the cannabinoid medicine dispensary's license is in effect;
1193	<u>or</u>
1194	(b) while a license revocation proceeding is pending against the cannabinoid medicine
1195	dispensary.
1196	(6) A cannabinoid medicine dispensary forfeits a bond posted under Subsection (1) if
1197	the cannabinoid medicine dispensary's license is revoked.
1198	(7) The division may, without revoking a license, make a claim against a bond posted
1199	by a cannabinoid medicine dispensary under Subsection (1) for money the cannabinoid
1200	medicine dispensary owes the division under this chapter.
1201	Section 52. Section 58-87-301 is enacted to read:
1202	58-87-301. Cannabinoid medicine dispensary agents.
1203	(1) A cannabinoid medicine dispensary licensed under Section 58-87-201 shall
1204	maintain a current list of each agent of the cannabinoid medicine dispensary.
1205	(2) A cannabinoid medicine dispensary shall submit the list described in Subsection (1)
1206	to the division before:

1207	(a) January 1 of each year; and
1208	(b) July 1 of each year.
1209	(3) In addition to the list described in Subsection (1), a cannabinoid medicine
1210	dispensary licensed under Subsection 58-87-201 shall require each agent to submit to a
1211	criminal background check in accordance with Section 58-87-302.
1212	(4) The division may audit the list described in Subsection (1) at any time, at random in
1213	order to determine:
1214	(a) that the list is accurate; and
1215	(b) that each agent has submitted to a criminal background check in accordance with
1216	Section 58-87-302.
1217	(5) A cannabinoid medicine dispensary is guilty of an infraction if the cannabinoid
1218	medicine dispensary:
1219	(a) fails to maintain an accurate list of each agent of the cannabinoid medicine
1220	dispensary in accordance with this section; or
1221	(b) has an agent who has not submitted to a background check in accordance with
1222	Section 58-87-302.
1223	Section 53. Section 58-87-302 is enacted to read:
1224	58-87-302. Cannabinoid medicine dispensary agents Criminal background
1225	checks.
1226	(1) Each cannabinoid medicine dispensary agent shall:
1227	(a) submit to the division:
1228	(i) a fingerprint card in a form acceptable to the Department of Public Safety; and
1229	(ii) a signed waiver in accordance with Subsection 53-10-108(4) indicating that the
1230	agent's fingerprints are being registered in the Federal Bureau of Investigation's Next
1231	Generation Identification system's Rap Back Service; and
1232	(b) consent to a fingerprint background check by:
1233	(i) the Bureau of Criminal Identification; and
1234	(ii) the Federal Bureau of Investigation.
1235	(2) The Bureau of Criminal Identification shall:
1236	(a) check the fingerprints submitted under Subsection (1) against the applicable state,
1237	regional, and national criminal records databases, including the Federal Bureau of

1238	Investigation's Next Generation Identification system;
1239	(b) report the results of the background check to the division;
1240	(c) maintain a separate file of fingerprints submitted under Subsection (1) for search by
1241	future submissions to the local and regional criminal records databases, including latent prints;
1242	(d) request that the fingerprints be retained in the Federal Bureau of Investigation's
1243	Next Generation Identification system's Rap Back Service for search by future submissions to
1244	national criminal records databases, including the Next Generation Identification system and
1245	latent prints; and
1246	(e) establish a privacy risk mitigation strategy to ensure that the entity only receives
1247	notifications for an individual with whom the entity maintains an authorizing relationship.
1248	(3) The division shall:
1249	(a) assess an individual who submits fingerprints, in accordance with this section, a fee
1250	that the Bureau of Criminal Identification is authorized to collect for the services the Bureau of
1251	Criminal Identification or other authorized agency provides under this section; and
1252	(b) remit a fee collected under Subsection (3)(a) to the Bureau of Criminal
1253	<u>Identification.</u>
1254	Section 54. Section 58-87-401 is enacted to read:
1255	Part 4. Cannabinoid medicine dispensary Operating requirements
1256	58-87-401. Operating requirements General.
1257	(1) (a) A cannabinoid medicine dispensary shall operate in accordance with the
1258	operating plan that the cannabinoid medicine dispensary provides to the department under
1259	Section 58-87-201.
1260	(b) A cannabinoid medicine dispensary shall notify the department within 30 days of
1261	any change in the cannabinoid medicine dispensary's operation plan.
1262	(c) The division shall review a cannabinoid medicine dispensary's operating plan for
1263	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *
	compliance with state law and administrative rules.
1264	
	compliance with state law and administrative rules.
1264	compliance with state law and administrative rules. (d) A cannabinoid medicine dispensary may not operate under an operating plan until
1264 1265	compliance with state law and administrative rules. (d) A cannabinoid medicine dispensary may not operate under an operating plan until the operating plan is reviewed and approved by the division under Subsection (1)(d).

1269	or by a registered patient; and
1270	(b) at the physical address provided to the department under Section 58-87-201.
1271	(3) A cannabinoid medicine dispensary may allow the press, a visitor, or a contractor
1272	access to the cannabinoid medicine dispensary if:
1273	(a) the cannabinoid medicine dispensary tracks and monitors the individual at all times
1274	while the individual is in the cannabinoid medicine dispensary; and
1275	(b) a record of the individual's access to the cannabinoid medicine dispensary is
1276	maintained by the cannabinoid medicine dispensary.
1277	(4) A cannabinoid medicine dispensary shall operate in a facility that has:
1278	(a) a single, secure public entrance;
1279	(b) a security system with a backup power source that:
1280	(i) detects and records entry into the facility when the cannabis producer is closed; and
1281	(ii) provides notice of an unauthorized entry to law enforcement; and
1282	(c) a lock on any area where the cannabinoid medicine dispensary stores medicine.
1283	(5) Except when determined by the Department of Financial Institutions under Section
1284	7-26-204, a cannabinoid medicine dispensary may only transmit or accept payment for
1285	cannabinoid medicine through a cannabis payment processor licensed under Section 7-26-201.
1286	(6) The board shall establish, with division concurrence, by rule made in accordance
1287	with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act:
1288	(a) additional operating requirements for a cannabinoid medicine dispensary; and
1289	(b) physical facility standards for a cannabinoid medicine dispensary.
1290	Section 55. Section 58-87-402 is enacted to read:
1291	58-87-402. Dispensing Amount a cannabinoid medicine dispensary may
1292	dispense Reporting Form of cannabis or cannabis product.
1293	(1) A cannabinoid medicine dispensary may only sell, subject to this chapter:
1294	(a) cannabinoid medicine; or
1295	(b) educational materials related to the medical use of cannabinoid medicine.
1296	(2) A cannabinoid medicine dispensary may only sell cannabinoid medicine that has
1297	been inspected by a cannabis laboratory in accordance with Section 4-42-701.
1298	(3) A cannabinoid medicine dispensary may only sell cannabinoid medicine to:
1299	(a) an individual with a cannabinoid medicine card issued by the department; or

1300	(b) an individual with a valid hemp extract registration card issued under Title 26,
1301	Chapter 56, Hemp Extract Registration Act.
1302	(4) A cannabinoid medicine dispensary may not dispense on behalf of any one
1303	registered patient, in any one 90-day period, an amount of cannabinoid medicine that exceeds a
1304	90-day supply of the dosage recommended by the registered patient's physician.
1305	(5) A registered patient may not purchase more cannabinoid medicine than the amounts
1306	designated in Subsection (4).
1307	(6) A designated caregiver designated by a registered patient may not purchase, for the
1308	registered patient, an amount of cannabinoid medicine that exceeds the amounts designated in
1309	Subsection (4).
1310	(7) A cannabinoid medicine dispensary shall submit a record to the electronic
1311	monitoring system of each time the cannabinoid medicine dispensary dispenses cannabinoid
1312	medicine to a registered patient.
1313	Section 56. Section 58-87-403 is enacted to read:
1314	58-87-403. Cannabinoid medicine dispensary Inspection by division.
1315	(1) The division shall inspect, in accordance with Subsection (2), a cannabinoid
1316	medicine dispensary's facility and records in order to determine if the cannabinoid medicine
1317	dispensary complies with the requirements of this chapter.
1318	(2) The division may inspect the records and facility of a cannabinoid medicine
1319	dispensary:
1320	(a) as many as four times per year, scheduled or unscheduled; and
1321	(b) if the division has reason to believe that the cannabinoid medicine dispensary has
1322	violated the law, at any time, scheduled or unscheduled.
1323	Section 57. Section 58-87-404 is enacted to read:
1324	58-87-404. Cannabinoid medicine transportation.
1325	An agent of a cannabinoid medicine dispensary shall transport cannabinoid medicine in
1326	accordance with Section 4-42-403.
1327	Section 58. Section 58-87-501 is enacted to read:
1328	Part 5. Enforcement
1329	58-87-501. Enforcement Fine Citation.
1330	(1) The division may, for a violation of this chapter by a cannabinoid medicine

1331	dispensary:
1332	(a) revoke the cannabinoid medicine dispensary's license;
1333	(b) refuse to renew the cannabinoid medicine dispensary's license;
1334	(c) assess the cannabinoid medicine dispensary an administrative penalty; or
1335	(d) take any other appropriate administrative action.
1336	(2) The division shall deposit an administrative penalty imposed under this section into
1337	the General Fund as a dedicated credit to be used by the division to administer and enforce this
1338	<u>chapter.</u>
1339	(3) The division may, for a person subject to an uncontested citation, a stipulated
1340	settlement, or a finding of a violation in an adjudicative proceeding under this section:
1341	(a) assess the person a fine, established in accordance with Section 63J-1-504, of up to
1342	\$5,000 per violation, in accordance with a fine schedule established by rule made in accordance
1343	with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act; or
1344	(b) order the person to cease and desist from the action that creates a violation.
1345	(4) The division may not revoke a cannabinoid medicine dispensary's license via a
1346	citation.
1347	(5) If within 20 calendar days after the day on which a division serves a citation for a
1348	violation of this chapter, the person that is the subject of the citation fails to request a hearing
1349	to contest the citation, the citation becomes the basis of the division's final order.
1350	(6) The division may, for a person who fails to comply with a citation under this
1351	section:
1352	(a) refuse to issue or renew the person's license; or
1353	(b) suspend, revoke, or place on probation the person's license.
1354	Section 59. Section 58-87-502 is enacted to read:
1355	58-87-502. Fees Deposit into Cannabinoid Medicine Restricted Account.
1356	The division shall deposit fees the division collects under this chapter into the
1357	Cannabinoid Medicine Restricted Account.
1358	Section 60. Section 59-12-104.7 is enacted to read:
1359	59-12-104.7. Exemption from sales tax for medical cannabis.
1360	(1) As used in this section:
1361	(a) "Cannabinoid medicine" means a substance that:

1362	(i) contains cannabis; and
1363	(ii) is intended for human medical use.
	
1364	(b) "Cannabinoid medicine dispensary" means the same as that term is defined in
1365	Section 58-87-102.
1366	(2) In addition to the exemptions described in Section 59-12-104, the sale by a licensed
1367	cannabinoid medicine dispensary of cannabinoid medicine is not subject to the taxes imposed
1368	by this chapter.
1369	Section 61. Section 59-28-101 is enacted to read:
1370	CHAPTER 28. CANNABINOID MEDICINE TAX ACT
1371	<u>59-28-101.</u> Title.
1372	This chapter is known as the "Cannabinoid Medicine Tax Act."
1373	Section 62. Section 59-28-102 is enacted to read:
1374	<u>59-28-102.</u> Definitions.
1375	As used in this chapter:
1376	(1) "Cannabinoid medicine" means the same as that term is defined in Section
1377	<u>58-37-3.6.</u>
1378	(2) "Cannabinoid medicine dispensary" means the same as that term is defined in
1379	Section 26-58-102.
1380	(3) "Cannabinoid Medicine Restricted Account" means the account created in Section
1381	<u>26-58-105.</u>
1382	Section 63. Section 59-28-103 is enacted to read:
1383	<u>59-28-103.</u> Imposition of tax Rate.
1384	There is imposed a tax on the retail purchaser of cannabinoid medicine at a cannabinoid
1385	medicine dispensary in the state, in an amount equal to 5.77% of amounts paid or charged for
1386	the cannabis-based medicine.
1387	Section 64. Section 59-28-104 is enacted to read:
1388	<u>59-28-104.</u> Collection of tax.
1389	A cannabinoid medicine dispensary shall:
1390	(1) collect the tax imposed by Section 59-28-103 from a cannabinoid medicine
1391	purchaser; and

1392	(2) pay the tax collected under Subsection (1):
1393	(a) to the commission quarterly on or before the last day of the month immediately
1394	following the last day of the previous quarter; and
1395	(b) using a form prescribed by the commission.
1396	Section 65. Section 59-28-105 is enacted to read:
1397	59-28-105. Deposit of tax revenue.
1398	The commission shall deposit revenues generated by the tax imposed by this chapter
1399	into the Cannabinoid Medicine Restricted Account.
1400	Section 66. Section 59-28-106 is enacted to read:
1401	<u>59-28-106.</u> Records.
1402	(1) A cannabinoid medicine dispensary shall maintain any record typically deemed
1403	necessary to determine the amount of tax that the cannabinoid medicine dispensary is required
1404	to remit to the commission under this chapter.
1405	(2) The commission may require a cannabinoid medicine dispensary to keep any record
1406	the commission reasonably considers necessary to constitute sufficient evidence of the amount
1407	of tax the cannabinoid medicine dispensary is required to remit to the commission under this
1408	chapter:
1409	(a) by notice served upon the cannabinoid medicine dispensary; or
1410	(b) by rule made in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative
1411	Rulemaking Act.
1412	(3) Upon notice by the commission, a cannabinoid medicine dispensary shall open the
1413	cannabinoid medicine dispensary's records for examination by the commission.
1414	Section 67. Section 59-28-107 is enacted to read:
1415	59-28-107. Rulemaking authority.
1416	The commission may make rules in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah
1417	Administrative Rulemaking Act, to:
1418	(1) implement the tax imposed by this chapter; and
1419	(2) enforce payment of the tax imposed by this chapter.
1420	Section 68. Section 59-28-108 is enacted to read:
1421	59-28-108. Penalties and interest.
1422	A cannabinoid medicine dispensary that fails to comply with any provision of this

1423	chapter is subject to penalties and interest as provided in Sections 59-1-401 and 59-1-402.
1424	Section 69. Section 62A-4a-202.1 is amended to read:
1425	62A-4a-202.1. Entering home of a child Taking a child into protective custody
1426	Caseworker accompanied by peace officer Preventive services Shelter facility or
1427	emergency placement.
1428	(1) A peace officer or child welfare worker may not:
1429	(a) enter the home of a child who is not under the jurisdiction of the court, remove a
1430	child from the child's home or school, or take a child into protective custody unless authorized
1431	under Subsection 78A-6-106(2); or
1432	(b) remove a child from the child's home or take a child into custody under this section
1433	solely on the basis of:
1434	(i) educational neglect, truancy, or failure to comply with a court order to attend
1435	school[-]; or
1436	(ii) the possession or use of cannabinoid medicine in the home, if the use and
1437	possession of the cannabinoid medicine complies with Title 26, Chapter 59, Cannabinoid
1438	Medicine Act.
1439	(2) A child welfare worker within the division may take action under Subsection (1)
1440	accompanied by a peace officer, or without a peace officer when a peace officer is not
1441	reasonably available.
1442	(3) (a) If possible, consistent with the child's safety and welfare, before taking a child
1443	into protective custody, the child welfare worker shall also determine whether there are
1444	services available that, if provided to a parent or guardian of the child, would eliminate the
1445	need to remove the child from the custody of the child's parent or guardian.
1446	(b) If the services described in Subsection (3)(a) are reasonably available, they shall be
1447	utilized.
1448	(c) In determining whether the services described in Subsection (3)(a) are reasonably
1449	available, and in making reasonable efforts to provide those services, the child's health, safety,
1450	and welfare shall be the child welfare worker's paramount concern.
1451	(4) (a) A child removed or taken into custody under this section may not be placed or
1452	kept in a secure detention facility pending court proceedings unless the child is detainable
1453	based on guidelines promulgated by the Division of Juvenile Justice Services.

1454	(b) A child removed from the custody of the child's parent or guardian but who does
1455	not require physical restriction shall be given temporary care in:
1456	(i) a shelter facility; or
1457	(ii) an emergency placement in accordance with Section 62A-4a-209.
1458	(c) When making a placement under Subsection (4)(b), the Division of Child and
1459	Family Services shall give priority to a placement with a noncustodial parent, relative, or
1460	friend, in accordance with Section 62A-4a-209.
1461	(d) If the child is not placed with a noncustodial parent, a relative, or a designated
1462	friend, the caseworker assigned to the child shall file a report with the caseworker's supervisor
1463	explaining why a different placement was in the child's best interest.
1464	(5) When a child is removed from the child's home or school or taken into protective
1465	custody, the caseworker shall give a parent of the child a pamphlet or flier explaining:
1466	(a) the parent's rights under this part, including the right to be present and participate in
1467	any court proceeding relating to the child's case;
1468	(b) that it may be in the parent's best interest to contact an attorney and that, if the
1469	parent cannot afford an attorney, the court will appoint one;
1470	(c) the name and contact information of a division employee the parent may contact
1471	with questions;
1472	(d) resources that are available to the parent, including:
1473	(i) mental health resources;
1474	(ii) substance abuse resources; and
1475	(iii) parenting classes; and
1476	(e) any other information considered relevant by the division.
1477	(6) The pamphlet or flier described in Subsection (5) shall be:
1478	(a) evaluated periodically for its effectiveness at conveying necessary information and
1479	revised accordingly;
1480	(b) written in simple, easy-to-understand language; and
1481	(c) available in English and other languages as the division determines to be
1482	appropriate and necessary.
1483	Section 70. Section 78A-6-508 is amended to read:
1484	78A-6-508. Evidence of grounds for termination.

1485 (1) In determining whether a parent or parents have abandoned a child, it is prima facie 1486 evidence of abandonment that the parent or parents: 1487 (a) although having legal custody of the child, have surrendered physical custody of the 1488 child, and for a period of six months following the surrender have not manifested to the child 1489 or to the person having the physical custody of the child a firm intention to resume physical 1490 custody or to make arrangements for the care of the child; 1491 (b) have failed to communicate with the child by mail, telephone, or otherwise for six 1492 months: 1493 (c) failed to have shown the normal interest of a natural parent, without just cause; or 1494 (d) have abandoned an infant, as described in Subsection 78A-6-316(1). 1495 (2) In determining whether a parent or parents are unfit or have neglected a child the 1496 court shall consider, but is not limited to, the following circumstances, conduct, or conditions: 1497 (a) emotional illness, mental illness, or mental deficiency of the parent that renders the 1498 parent unable to care for the immediate and continuing physical or emotional needs of the child 1499 for extended periods of time; 1500 (b) conduct toward a child of a physically, emotionally, or sexually cruel or abusive 1501 nature; 1502 (c) habitual or excessive use of intoxicating liquors, controlled substances, or 1503 dangerous drugs that render the parent unable to care for the child; 1504 (d) repeated or continuous failure to provide the child with adequate food, clothing, 1505 shelter, education, or other care necessary for the child's physical, mental, and emotional health 1506 and development by a parent or parents who are capable of providing that care; 1507 (e) whether the parent is incarcerated as a result of conviction of a felony, and the 1508 sentence is of such length that the child will be deprived of a normal home for more than one 1509 year; 1510 (f) a history of violent behavior; or 1511 (g) whether the parent has intentionally exposed the child to pornography or material 1512 harmful to a minor, as defined in Section 76-10-1201. 1513 (3) Notwithstanding Subsection (2)(c), the court may not discriminate against a parent 1514 because of the parent's possession or consumption of cannabis-based medicine, in accordance

with Title 26, Chapter 59, Cannabinoid Medicine Act.

1515

1516 [(3)] (4) A parent who, legitimately practicing the parent's religious beliefs, does not 1517 provide specified medical treatment for a child is not, for that reason alone, a negligent or unfit 1518 parent. 1519 [(4)] (5) (a) Notwithstanding Subsection (2), a parent may not be considered neglectful 1520 or unfit because of a health care decision made for a child by the child's parent unless the state 1521 or other party to the proceeding shows, by clear and convincing evidence, that the health care 1522 decision is not reasonable and informed. 1523 (b) Nothing in Subsection [(4)] (5)(a) may prohibit a parent from exercising the right to 1524 obtain a second health care opinion. 1525 $[\frac{5}{1}]$ (6) If a child has been placed in the custody of the division and the parent or 1526 parents fail to comply substantially with the terms and conditions of a plan within six months 1527 after the date on which the child was placed or the plan was commenced, whichever occurs 1528 later, that failure to comply is evidence of failure of parental adjustment. 1529 [(6)] (7) The following circumstances constitute prima facie evidence of unfitness: 1530 (a) sexual abuse, sexual exploitation, injury, or death of a sibling of the child, or of any 1531 child, due to known or substantiated abuse or neglect by the parent or parents; 1532 (b) conviction of a crime, if the facts surrounding the crime are of such a nature as to 1533 indicate the unfitness of the parent to provide adequate care to the extent necessary for the 1534 child's physical, mental, or emotional health and development; 1535 (c) a single incident of life-threatening or gravely disabling injury to or disfigurement 1536 of the child; 1537 (d) the parent has committed, aided, abetted, attempted, conspired, or solicited to 1538 commit murder or manslaughter of a child or child abuse homicide; or 1539 (e) the parent intentionally, knowingly, or recklessly causes the death of another parent 1540 of the child, without legal justification.